

# CQ's World-Wide DX Contest

For the 1949 contest, separate 48-hour periods for phone and c.w.—awards for individual and group-operated stations—no limit on contacts per country—and a new feature, awarding prizes for the highest 1-band scores as well as multiple-band scores.

1. Contest Period:  
 PHONE SECTIONS: 0200 GMT October 29 to 0200 GMT October 31,  
 C.W. SECTIONS: 0200 GMT November 5 to 0200 GMT November 7.

(See time chart for local times and dates.)

2. Bands: The contest activity will be confined to three amateur bands, 7, 14, and 27/28 mc.  
 3. Competition will be divided into four sections as follows:

- (1) One-operator phone section
- (2) Multiple-operator phone section
- (3) One-operator c.w. section
- (4) Multiple-operator c.w. section

Stations in both phone sections may contact each other, and stations in both c.w. sections may contact each other, but no contacts between phone and c.w. stations will be allowed.

4. Equipment: There will be no limit to the number of transmitters and receivers allowed, and competitors may use the maximum transmitter power permitted under the terms of their licenses.

5. Serial numbers: C.W. stations will exchange serial numbers consisting of five numerals, the first three being the RST report, and the last two being their own zone number. Stations in Zones 1 through 9 will prefix their zone number with zero (01, 02, 03, etc.) Phone stations will exchange serial numbers consisting of four numerals. The first two being the readability and strength report, and the last two being their own zone number. Phone stations in Zones 1 through 9 will prefix their zone number with a zero (01, 02, 03, etc.).

6. Contacts: Contacts between amateur stations on different continents shall count three points; contacts between amateur stations on the same continent, but not in the same country, shall count one point; contacts between stations in the same country, for the purpose of obtaining zone and/or country multipliers, shall be permitted, but no points will be allowed for these contacts.

7. Multipliers: Two types of multipliers will be used: (1) a multiplier of 1 for each zone contacted on each band, (2) a multiplier of 1 for each country worked on each band.

8. Awards: 1st, 2nd, and 3rd place certificates will be awarded for each of the four Sections as follows:  
 A. To the highest scoring stations on each SINGLE BAND in the following areas:

- (a) Each call area of the U.S.A.
- (b) Each licensing area of Canada and Australia
- (c) All other countries

B. To the stations having the highest combined total on ALL BANDS (or more than one band) in the following areas:

- (a) Each call area of the U.S.A.
- (b) Each licensing area of Canada and Australia
- (c) All other countries

Certificates will also be awarded to each operator of each winning station in the multiple-operator sections.

9. Scoring: The contest score will be the sum of all contact points multiplied by the sum of the zone and country multipliers.

A. Everyone who sends in a log for a single band is eligible for a single band award only.

B. Those who submit logs for two or more bands will be eligible for the all band award, as well as the single band award.

10. Zones and Continents: The W.A.Z. boundaries as defined in CQ and the CQ DX Handbook, as well as on the W.A.Z. maps, will be recognized, and for continental boundaries, the same as used for W.A.C. will be recognized. Should any question arise as to the positive location of any station, the official definitions will be final. Copies of the country list and contest logs are available from the CQ editorial offices upon receipt of a stamped, self-addressed envelope, or in the case of overseas stations, unattached postage stamps.

## Operating Suggestions:

We suggest that overseas phone operators indicate which end of the band they are tuning, or which portions of the phone band (American or foreign) they intend to tune. On 28 mc, where the band is 1700-kc wide, it is extremely important that overseas phone stations specify the approximate frequency they intend to tune. C.W. stations, likewise, could greatly assist by indicating where they intend to tune. We think if the above principle is used by all, it will result in far less QRM, as well as fewer useless calls.

Foreign amateurs, remember scores are based on the greatest number of different countries and zones as well as stations worked. Do not concentrate on working only U. S. stations, this is a world-wide competition!

CQ WORLD-WIDE DX CONTEST SCHEDULE		
TIME ZONE	STARTING TIME	ENDING TIME
GREENWICH MEAN TIME (GMT)	SATURDAY, OCT. 29, 0200	MONDAY, OCT. 31, 0200
	SATURDAY, NOV. 5, 0200	MONDAY, NOV. 7, 0200
U.S.A. EASTERN STANDARD TIME	FRIDAY, OCT. 28, 9:00 P.M.	SUNDAY, OCT. 30, 9:00 P.M.
	FRIDAY, NOV. 4, 9:00 P.M.	SUNDAY, NOV. 6, 9:00 P.M.
U.S.A. PACIFIC STANDARD TIME	FRIDAY, OCT. 28, 6:00 P.M.	SUNDAY, OCT. 30, 6:00 P.M.
	FRIDAY, NOV. 4, 6:00 P.M.	SUNDAY, NOV. 6, 6:00 P.M.

LOG OF W210P ZONE 5 COUNTRY USA DIVISION G.W. OP. 1

DATE & TIME (LOCAL OR GMT)	STATION	COUNTRY	SERIAL NUMBER		ZONE & COUNTRY MULTIPLIERS						PTS
			SENT	RECEIVED	7.0 mc		14 mc		27/28 mc		
					Z	G	Z	G	Z	G	
10-28 1002	KR6AZ	OKINAWA	58905	58925					1	1	3
1007	VK2DI	AUSTRALIA	58905	57930					2	2	3
1045	PY1DH	BRAZIL	57905	56911			1	1			3
1056	G6QB	ENGLAND	57905	56914			2	2			3
10-29 1202	ON4JW	BELGIUM	57905	56914	1	1					3
1215	W6QD	U.S.A.	57905	57903	2	2					0
1218	ON4QF	BELGIUM	56905	57915							3
1230	XF1A	MEXICO	59905	59906	3	3					1
TOTALS					3	3	2	2	2	2	19

COUNTRY MULTIPLIER 3+2+2 = 7  
 ZONE MULTIPLIER 3+2+2 = 7  
 TOTAL MULTIPLIER 7+7 = 14  
 CONTACT POINTS = 19  
 TOTAL SCORE 14 x 19 = 266

is on Thursday Island which is located twenty miles north of Cape York, Australia. He wants it to count as a separate country. Nuts! I haven't even been able to convince my DX committee that Catalina Island should count as a country, and that's about 21 miles off our coast. . . .

TF3EA adds three good ones in VK9GW, ZD9AA, and UP2AA. W3GRF reminded me that cards from ZP3AW, ZP2BL, YV4AW, and HC1AW were sent via A.R.R.L. about three months ago. Since W3GRF has the logs of these stations, he will be glad to send another card to those who have not received theirs. Nope, Joe, it wasn't GRF doing the operating.

I1KN is still wondering if he will ever hook up with Zone 23. This is the only zone he needs. Better try hard; there's three of them on over there now. . . . AC4YN, AC4RF, and AC4NC.

W8SYC is handling the QSL duties for PK4KS who is operating under about the same handicap that PK4DA is. In case you have worked him and would like his card, you can send yours along with a stamped, self-addressed envelope to W8SYC whose QTH you will find in the section at the end of the column.

JA2BQ is another one who QSLs 100%. He operates in Tokyo and runs 450 watts to a pair of 813s. His antenna setup consists of three Vee beams on 20 meters; each having 4 waves to a leg.

W9FNR wants it known that he has TVI in the family and will be on more as soon as the stuff is cleaned up a bit. . . . It is good to see W0ANF in the Honor Roll, phone section. He is one of the lucky guys who snagged C8KY during CQ's contest last October. . . . W3FYS grabs off Zone 19, as well as a flock of countries.

Sob Story

ZL2GX writes in to say that VK2DI tipped him off on SV6AA. Jock says, "I was all a flutter, just like a flapper on her first date. Hi!" Anyway, he just barely heard the SV6, and that is where it ended. He tells another hard-luck story about ZL2CU who had had all zones worked for a long time but still hasn't received his card from C8KY. ZL2FA is in the same boat. That is really tough on these fellows, as both ZL2GX and 1HY worked C8KY after 2CU, but they were lucky enough to get his card.

W3KDP is still praying for Zones 23 and 26. Ren, OM, I hope you get an answer.

According to WIHX, ZA1B says to wait for

his QSL card through A.R.R.L., and then reply undercover to the QTH shown on his card. How do you reply "undercover?" Maybe I am missing something. . . . Anyway, Norm worked the guy on 14 mc c.w., as well as being lucky enough to hook SV6AA. Speaking of SV6AA, W1FH worked him on phone as well as c.w. . . . W4AIT lost a lot of shut-eye in chasing ZS7B, but it finally paid off in the end.

I see in the F.E.A.R.L. News that JA2AS is leaving Japan. His station has had the distinction of being licensed longer than any other ham in the occupation forces in Japan. Other calls used while there were W2CDJ/J2, and J2CDJ.

W9FKC thinks the DX men should get together and finance expeditions to Zone 23 so all W9s could W.A.Z. He says it would probably amount to \$500.00 per QSL card, but figures he has spent that much time in lost sleep listening for a C8 or AC4. Mike, don't give up . . . there's three of them over there now.

Welcome to Margaret Roberts, W8BFQ, upon her entering into the phone section of the Honor Roll. She operates 28-mc phone exclusively. It looks like I am grabbing a little stuff away from the YL column of W2OOH's. Think nothing of it, Lou—you can put one of our guys in your section sometime. . . . [Take a look, Herb!—Low]

G6QX wants to know how to get a card out of FM8AD. Frankly, I can't answer that. FE8AB, good old Ivan, has sent in his zone and country list for entering the Honor Roll. Ivan will be in FE8-land until March, 1950.

A letter from MP4BAD was passed along to me which contains some interesting news. In the first place, he says that BAB has left and is up around MD5 way and expects to be on the air as soon as the ban is lifted. Stations now operating in the Persian Gulf are BAD, BAC, and BAJ. BAC is located about 150 yards from BAD and concentrates on the high end of the phone band, around 14,340. BAJ works 14 mc c.w. and phone and is located in Bahrein Island. MP4BAD works c.w. only on 7 and 14 mc and runs around 100 watts. He uses a v.f.o. Incidentally, his approximate hours on the air are 1700 to 2100 GMT Monday to Friday/Saturday. On Sunday, the hours are 1700 to 0400 GMT. Ken will be there until December, and likes to work Ws. From now on, he suggests that all his cards should go through R.S.G.B. Ken relates

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